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FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OFAGRICULTURAL MECHANIZATION AND IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

A FINAL YEAR THESIS

APPLICATION OF GIS AND REMOTE SENSED DATA IN ASSESSING THE POTENTIAL FOR APICULTURAL SITE ZONATION TO IMPROVE HONEY PRODUCTION.

Case study: WEST NILE Sub-region

 \mathbf{BY}

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ABSTRACT

Food insecurity coupled with high cases of malnutrition has been a major problem all over

developing countries including Uganda; this is especially in rural areas where the citizenry is solely

dependent on agriculture. This situation has been worsening with a constant negative change of

climatic conditions. This study aimed at analysis and mapping of suitable areas for beekeeping in

West Nile sub-region to widen the socio-economic wellbeing of the population therein.

Chapter one included the background of the research, the problem statement, objectives,

justification and scope of the project research.

Chapter two included the brief overview of beekeeping development in Africa, Uganda in

particular, the description of GIS and MCDA for land suitability analysis, as well as the Analytical

Hierarchy Process

Chapter three included the tools and the methods, and/ or activities used to generate the suitability

model. A spatial model for each of the criterion factors was designed and developed to achieve the

objective. This entailed data collection, data manipulation and analysis which involved the spatial

overlay of several factor maps to generate the overall suitability map for beekeeping. The research

aimed at identifying and delineating the land that can best support beekeeping using GIS-based

multi-Criteria Evaluation technique and Remote Sensing. It is possible to increase apiculture

ability in an appropriate area by identifying the important factors and ranking suitability of the

land. These factors were therefore considered: forage growth, climate, topography, and socio-

economic factors. The final output of this project were land suitability maps for apiculture.

According to the study, 44% of West Nile sub-region was highly suitable for beekeeping, 41%

was moderately suitable and the rest 14% was completely not Suitable for beekeeping.

Chapter four included the methods used to validate the generated suitability model by actual

findings on the ground, and experimental analysis. The findings of this research should therefore

be considered by farmers and stakeholders in order to improve honey production and bee

population in West Nile sub-region of Uganda and East Africa at large.

Common words: Geographic Information System, Analytical Hierarchy Process, Apiary, Bee,

Honey.

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I give thanks to the Lord for He is good and His love endures forever, the fear of the Lord, is the beginning of wisdom

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DEDICATION

I dedicate this report to my supervisor, Eng. Dr. Daniel Otim and to the beloved Busitema University community and more specifically to my beloved mother Mrs. Basigirenda Faustine. May the almighty God bless and reward them abundantly.

DECLARATION

I **KUSEMERERWA JOSEPH** of REG No. **BU/UG/2017/34**, declare to the best of my knowledge that this project report is as result of my research and efforts.

Student's signature:		MANY.
Date:	18 th , March / 2022	

APPROVAL

This project report has been submitted to the department of Agricultural mechanization and irrigation Engineering of Busitema University with approval of the following University Supervisor.

Eng. Dr. OTIM DANIEL
Signature
Date

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ ACRONYMS

GIS Geographic Information System

AHP Analytical Hierarchy Process

MCE Multi-criteria Evaluation

ZARDI Zonal Agricultural Research and Development Institutes.

UNBS Uganda National Bureau of Standards

UBOS Uganda Bureau Of Statistics

URA Uganda Roads Authority

UWA Uganda Wildlife Authority

FAO Food and Agricultural Organisation

mS/cm Millionth of a Siemens per centimeter

W.C Water Content

E.C Electrical Conductivity

LULC Land Use and Land Cover

NSE Nash-Sutcliffe model Efficiency coefficient

NDVI Normalized Difference Vegetation Index