

FACULTY OF ENGINERING

P.O. Box 236, Tororo, Uganda Gen: +256 - 45 444 8838 Fax: +256 - 45 4436517 Email: info@adm.busitema.ac.ug

www.busitema.ac.ug

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATICS AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING

FINAL YEAR PROJECT REPORT

A SMART EMERGENCY SAFETY ALERT SYSTEM FOR THE DEAF: A CASE OF UNAD VOCATIONAL RESOURCE CENTER

 \mathbf{BY}

KIGUWA DANIEL REGISTRATION No. BU/UG/2019/0115

Email: <u>kiguwadaniel93@gmail.com</u> Tell: 0776287019/0708680405

SUPERVISOR: PROF. OCEN GILBERT

A FINAL YEAR PROJECT SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER AND INFORMATICS ENGINEERING IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER ENGINEERING OF BUSITEMA UNIVERSITY

September, 2023

DECLARATION

I, KIGUWA DANIEL Registration Number BU/UG/2019/0115 hereby declare that this final year project report is original and has not been published or submitted before to any University or higher institution of learning.

Sign.

Date 27 09 2023

APPROVAL

This final year project under the title "A SMART EMERGENCY SAFETY ALERT SYSTEM FOR THE DEAF" was under my guidance and is now ready for examination.

Signature.

Date. 27/09/2023

PROF. OCEN GILBERT

Department of Computer Engineering and Informatics

Faculty of Engineering

Busitema University

DEDICATION

I dedicate this report to God Almighty my creator, my strong pillar, my source of inspiration, wisdom, knowledge and understanding. He has been the source of my strength throughout this project and on His wings only have I soared.

I also dedicate this report to my father Mum Miss Naigaga Aidah who has encouraged me all the way and whose encouragement has made sure that I give all it takes to finish my project. God bless you.

I also thank my uncle Mr. Kawanguzi Geoffrey Kenneth for the tireless support he has been giving me since I started school.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I convey my sincere gratitude to my **Supervisor**, **Prof. Ocen Gilbert Gilbrays** and the Department of Computer Engineering for the guidance and insight into concepts of research and project management as well as technical knowledge applicable to the design of the system.

I am thankful to all my friends Othieno Hope, Mwarisi Brian Arthur, Namakoye Joan, Okello Eric Denis, Kasoma Emmanuel, Lutwetwe Shadrach, Farouk Toah and Namirembe Fatumah, who have been always helping and encouraging me throughout this project. I have no valuable words to express my thanks, but my heart is still full of the favors received from every person.

ABSTRACT

Emergencies pose imminent threats to individuals and communities, necessitating effective and timely communication of critical information. For the deaf and hard of hearing population, traditional emergency alert systems often fall short, relying on auditory or visual cues that are inaccessible. To address this disparity, I present A Smart Emergency Safety Alert System for the deaf, designed to bridge the communication gap during emergencies. The system has two sub-systems, the main system containing Arduino nano, smoke, sound and temperature sensors, GSM, Power supply, push button and a watch-like wearable consisting of an LCD, Peltier plate and the DC Motor for tactile and visual alerts to the user (deaf/hard hearing person).

The GSM sends a message to the user's (deaf person) caretaker alerting him/her about the condition of the person when a push button on the main system is pressed.

LIST OF ACRONYMS

GSM Global System for Mobile Communication

ADC Analog to Digital Converter

WIFI Wireless Fidelity

LCD Liquid Crystal Display

SIM Subscriber Identity Module

IDE Integrated Development Environment

SMS Short Message Service

TABLE OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Existing Systems Comparison Table	12
Figure 2: Block Diagram for the system	
Figure 3:Arduino Nano	
Figure 4:Sound Sensor	14
Figure 5:GSM Module	
Figure 6:Push Button	
Figure 7:Smoke Sensor	
Figure 8:LCD 16x2	
Figure 9:Peltier Plate	
Figure 10:DC Motor	
Figure 11:Logical Diagram	
Figure 12:Physical Diagram	19
Figure 13:Circuit Diagram	31
Figure 14:An Emergency message sent to the caregiver's phone in case the user is	
trapped	33
Figure 15:Sound sensor values with surrounding environment	33
Figure 16:Reaction of the system towards emergency alert	
Figure 17:Gas Sensor Value with changes in the gas levels in the environment	

Table of Contents

DECLARATION	i
APPROVAL	ii
DEDICATION	iii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iv
ABSTRACT	v
LIST OF ACRONYMS	vi
TABLE OF FIGURES	vii
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION	4
1.1 BACKGROUND	4
1.2 PROBLEM STATEMENT	6
1.3 MAIN OBJECTIVE	6
1.4 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES	6
1.5 JUSTIFICATION	7
1.6 SCOPE	7
TIME SCOPE	7
GEOGRAPHICAL SCOPE	7
TECHNICAL SCOPE	7
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	8
Introduction	8
2.2 Related systems	8
Manual Technology	8
Traditional Alert Systems	8
Deaf-Gard	8
SOS-Phone	9
FireAngel FS1552W2-T Combined Strobe & Vibrating Pad - Smart RF	9
Aico Ei171RF Mains Deaf Alarm Panel with Strobe	10

Lifetone Bedside Vibrating Fire Alarm work	10
2.3 Comparison Table for Existing Systems	11
2.4 System	12
CHAPTER THREE: METHODOLOGY	13
3.1 Introduction	13
3.2 Requirements Gathering	13
3.5 System Design	13
3.6 Block Diagram	13
3.3 Description of Components	14
3.4 Software Tools	16
3.4.1 Frequency Analysis	16
CHAPTER FOUR: SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN	17
4.1 Introduction	17
4.2 Functional Analysis	17
4.3 Requirements Analysis	17
4.3.1 Functional Analysis	17
4.3.2 Non-Functional Requirements	17
4.4 System Design	18
4.4.1 Logical Design	18
4.4.2 Physical Design	19
CHAPTER FIVE: IMPLEMENTATION AND DESIGN	20
5.1 Introduction	20
5.2 Development Platforms	20
5.2.1 Arduino	20
5.2.3 Proteus Design Suite	20
5.3 Code Designs	20
5.4 Testing	20

5.4.1 Unit Testing	20
54.2 Integration Testing	20
5.4.3 System Testing	21
5.4.4 System Verification	21
5.4.5 System Validation	21
CHAPTER SIX: DISCUSSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	22
6.1 Introduction	22
6.2 Summary of work done	22
6.3 Critical Analysis/Appraisal of work	22
6.4 Recommendations	22
6.5 Challenges	22
6.6 Conclusion	23
References	24
APPENDICES	26
Appendix A: Project Nano Code	26
Appendix B: Circuit Diagram	31
APPENDIX D: ACCEPTANCE LETTER	36
APPENDIX E: GUIDING OUESTIONS FOR INTERVIEW	37

CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

The deaf are individuals who have a hearing impairment, which can range from mild to profound. Deafness is a condition where an individual experiences partial or complete hearing loss. It can be congenital or acquired and can occur at any age[1].

Deafness can be caused by a variety of factors, including genetic mutations, illness, injury, exposure to loud noise, and ototoxic medications. Genetic factors are the most common cause of deafness, followed by illness. Injury, exposure to loud noise, and ototoxic medications are fewer common causes of deafness. It is important to note that deafness can be caused by a combination of factors. If you are concerned about your hearing, it is important to see a doctor or audiologist for a comprehensive evaluation. Early diagnosis and treatment can help to prevent or slow the progression of hearing loss[2].

Emergency alerts in public places and factories are notifications that are sent to people in these locations to warn them of impending or ongoing emergency. These alerts can be sent through a variety of channels, including public-address systems, mass notification systems (text messages, email), signage, Emergency Lights (of special colours) and in-building systems. Emergency alerts are an important tool for keeping people safe in public places and factories. However, most of these forms exclude a big percentage of deaf people.

Deafness affects millions of people worldwide, including approximately 466 million people according to the World Health Organization (WHO). In Uganda, it is estimated that about 1.5 million people (or 4% of the population) have hearing loss, with a majority of them being children[3]. The high prevalence of hearing loss in Uganda can be attributed to factors such as infections, noise exposure, and genetic factors[4].

According to Red Cross Uganda, in 2020, 12 people were reported dead due to failure to respond to emergency alerts. Of these, 8 died of weather-related disasters like floods and landslides while 4 deaths were due to other emergences like fires and explosions[5].

On 25th/October/2022 according to Reuters by Abubaker Lubowa, 12 children from Salama School Foe blind and Deaf in Luga Village Ntanzi Parish in Mukono district

References

- [1] H. Lane, B. Bahan, R. V. Shannon, T. Balkany, A. V. Hodges, and K. Goodman, "Ethics of cochlear implantation in young children: A review and reply from a Deaf-World perspective," *Otolaryngol. Head Neck Surg.*, vol. 119, no. 4, pp. 297–313, 1998, doi: 10.1016/S0194-5998(98)70070-1.
- [2] S. R. Shearer AE, Hildebrand MS, "Type of Hearing Loss," 2014, [Online]. Available: https://www.in.gov/isdh/files/Descriptions_of_Hearing_loss.pdf
- [3] A. B. Mugeere, P. Atekyereza, E. K. Kirumira, and S. Hojer, "Deaf identities in a multicultural setting: The Ugandan context," *African J. Disabil.*, vol. 4, no. 1, 2015, doi: 10.4102/ajod.v4i1.69.
- [4] L. Bickham, "Reading Comprehension in Deaf Education: Comprehension Strategies to Support Students Who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing," *Educ. Masters*, p. 73, 2015, [Online]. Available: http://fisherpub.sjfc.edu/education_ETD_masters%0Ahttp://fisherpub.sjfc.edu/education_ETD_masters/314
- [5] K. Girls and A. District, "Uganda Consolidated Emergency Report 2021 Prepared by: UNICEF Uganda Expression of Thanks," no. March, 2022.
- [6] "Hearing Impaired," *Encycl. Clin. Neuropsychol.*, pp. 1215–1215, 2011, doi: 10.1007/978-0-387-79948-3 4646.
- [7] C. Szymanski, L. Lutz, C. Shahan, and N. Gala, "Critical Needs of Students Who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing: A Public Input Summary," p. 12, 2013.
- [8] G. Manager and M. C. Limited, "Employment opportunity," *J. Pharm. Pract.*, vol. 21, no. 6, p. 448, 2008, doi: 10.1177/0897190008326839.
- [9] A. S. of A. and B. E. (ASABE), "Safety signs," *Asabe*, vol. ASABE S441, pp. 314–328, 1999.
- [10] "METHODOLOGY FOR CREATION OF THE COMPLEX EMERGENCY ALERTING SYSTEM," 2015.
- [11] M. Shafik, "Vibration Measurement System for Deaf People Emergency Equipment," no. September 2013, 2022.
- [12] "SOS Phone Use r's Manual," pp. 1–13, 2016.
- [13] U. Manual, "& VIBRATING PAD".
- [14] S. Light and V. P. Module, "Strobe Light & Vibration Pad Module Deaf & Hearing Impaired RadioLINK Alarm System".

[15] RTI, "User's Manual User's Manual ユーザーズマニュアル," vol. 2886, no. 408, pp. 1–38, 2010.