## "AN EVALUATION OF THE RESTRUCTURING EXERCISE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ON EMPLOYEES PERFORMANCE. A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF MUKONO AND RUKUNGIRI DISTRICTS"

BY

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## Declaration

I, Matsiko Mutungwire Abert, hereby declare that this dissertation is my original work and has never been submitted for any academic award of a degree in any institution or university. Where it is indebted to the work of others, due acknowledgement has been made.

Signed

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# Approval

This	project	has	been	submitted	for	examination	with	my	approval	as
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## Dedication

This work is dedicated to my ever-loving cousin brother, Mr. Mugaiga-Ayebaze. Gershom, without whose inspiration and assistance I would not be what I am today.

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## Table of contents

Declarationi
Approvalii
Dedication iii
Acknowledgementiv
Table of contentsv
List of tablesvii
List of figuresviii
List of Abbreviationsix
Abstractx
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION1
1.1 Background to the study
1.2 Statement of the problem
1.3 Purpose of the study4
1.4 Objectives of the Study4
1.5 Research Questions4
1.6 Scope of the study5
1.7 Significance of the study5
1.8 Conceptual framework6
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW8
2.1 Introduction8
2.2 Discussion of an analytical framework of the restructuring exercise8
2.3 Review of relational literature14
2.3.1 Organizational Restructuring and Survivor Syndrome (Grieving and Uncertainty)14
2.3.2 Leadership Style and Management Policies
2.3.3 Leadership Style, Management Policies and Organizational Commitment16
2.3.4 Management Policies and Work Performance
2.3.5 Organizational Commitment and Work Performance
2.3.6 Conclusion

CHAPTER THREE: METHODOLOGY18
3.1 Introduction
3.2 Research design
3.3 Study population18
3.4 Sample design and size
3.5 Research instruments
3.6 Sources of data
3.7 Measurement of study variables
3.8 Research procedure
3.9 Validity and Reliability testing of the instruments
3.10 Data management
3.11 Data processing and analysis24
3.12 Limitations and Problems24
CHAPTER FOUR: DATA ANALYSIS AND PRESENTATION OF FINDINGS25
4.1 Introduction
4.2 Descriptive Statistics
4.3 Pearson's correlation analysis
4.4 Regression analysis using work performance as a dependant variable40
4.5 Qualitative Data Analysis41
CHAPTER FIVE: DISCUSSION, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS44
5.1 Introduction44
5.2 Discussion of results44
5.3 Summary of the findings of the study48
5.4 Recommendations49
5.5 Conclusion
5.6 Areas of further research50
REFERENCES51
APPENDICES

## List of tables

		rage	
Table	3.1:	Sample Selection	19
Table	3.2:	Questionnaires administered and response rate	22
Table	3.3:	Cronbach's alpha values for study variables	23
Table	4.1:	Distribution of respondents by sex in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	26
Table	4.2:	Distribution of respondents by sex in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	26
Table	4.3:	Distribution of respondents by age in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	27
Table	4.4:	Distribution of respondents by age in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	28
Table	4.5:	Distribution of respondents by marital status in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	28
Table	4.6:	Distribution of respondents by marital status in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	29
Table	4.7:	Distribution of respondents by educational level in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	30
Table	4.8:	Distribution of respondents by educational level in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	31
Table	4.9;	Distribution of respondents by period of service worked in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	31
Table	4.10:	Distribution of respondents by period of service worked in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	32
Table	4.11:	Distribution of respondents by lengths of service in the Public Service	33
Table	4.12:	Distribution of respondents by lengths of service in the Public Service	34
Table	4.13:	Distribution of respondents by professional position in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	34
Table	4.14:	Distribution of respondents by professional position in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	35
Table	4.15:	Distribution of respondents by departments in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	36
Table	4.16:	Distribution of respondents by departments in Mukono and Rukungiri districts	37
Table	4.17:	Pearson's correlation between research variables in the two districts	38
Table	4.18:	The differences between Mukono and Rukungiri districts using t-test	40
Table	4.19:	Regression of all variables on work performance	41

# List of figures

Page

Figure 1.1: Conceptual framework showing the relationships among the study 7 variables on work performance

### List of Abbreviations

MoPS: Ministry of Public Service

MoLG: Ministry of Local Government

PSC: Public Service Commission

JARD: Joint Annual Review Workshop on Decentralization

LGs: Local Governments

CAO: Chief Administrative Officer

DCAO: Deputy Chief Administrative Officer

TC: Town Clerk

HoDs: Heads of Department

SPPS: Statistical Package for Social Scientists

LGA: Local Governments Act

#### Abstract

The purpose of the study was to evaluate the effects of restructuring exercise on the performance of employees in the local governments of Mukono and Rukungiri. It seemed that the restructuring exercise was being undertaken in reaction to external pressures rather than from a proactive approach. The problem is that when restructuring is mishandled, it could lead to counterproductive impact on organizational work performance. Using a case study involving 112 respondents, the study evaluated the relationships among the variables of organizational restructuring, survival syndrome, leadership styles, management policies, organizational commitment and work performance.

The study using a cross-sectional survey design, involved the development and use of instruments (self administered questionnaires, focused discussions and oral interviews) to measure the aforementioned variables that were used in the study on a five likert scale. The researcher collected divergent information across the strata of the employees in the six affected departments of administration and support services, community based services, infinance and planning, education, technical services and natural resources using a disproportionate stratified random sampling technique. Analysis tests were also carried out in the study using frequency distribution, chi-square tests, pearson's correlation, t-test and regression analysis.

Findings of the study revealed significant positive correlation and thus relationships between; organizational restructuring and work performance (r=0.0318, p<0.05); management policies and work performance (r=0.346, p<0.05); leadership styles and management policies (r=0.272, p<0.05); organizational commitment and work performance (r=0.435, p<0.05). The study also established using regression analysis a significant positive relationship between organizational commitment and work performance (Beta=.0296, t=2.222, sig=0.004). However, organizational restructuring, survivor syndrome, leadership styles, management policies and organizational commitment predicted up to 24.9% of the variance in work performance in the two districts of Mukono and Rukungiri.

In conclusion, it can be stated that all the study variables were statistically significant predictors. However, management policies and organizational commitment were the most significant predictors of work performance.

### CHAPTER ONE

#### INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Background to the study

The turn of the century and millennium has witnessed many topsy-turvy changes in the business and economic world. As a result, most organizations have responded to changes in the environment in order to survive, prosper and grow by redefining and adopting a paradigm shift in the human resource management with the multi-faceted focus on restructuring and downsizing (Rajeshwari, 2005).

The public sector has not been spared by these unprecedented changes. In Uganda such changes in the public sector have been planned and implemented under the public service reform program. The reform program which started in early 1990s had studied and revealed that the civil service had bloated structures with inefficient, illitrained, corrupt, poorly paid and motivated civil servants and as such incapable of delivering economic reforms/recovery programs of the government (MoPS: Public Service Review and Reorganization Commission, 1990). The reform commission, therefore, recommended a comprehensive public service reform program which included among others, privatization, restructuring, downsizing/rightsizing and decentralization. The latter which is central to this study entailed the transfer of powers, functions, responsibilities, resources and services from the central government to the local governments and communities. It was envisaged that by doing so, the delivery of services to the communities would greatly improve because of empowerment of the community with political, legal and economic powers leading to increased participation in decision making [Bretta, 1994; Mukyala-Makiika, Makara, Lubanga, and Tukahebwa, 1998].

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