



INDUSTRIAL TRAINING REPORT CARRIED OUT IN KUMI HOSPITAL FARM FROM 28TH FEB TO 22ND APRIL 2022

BY

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COURSE: APM

COURSE CODE: APM 1301 INDUSTRIAL TRAINING

REPORT SUBMITED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRIBUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF ANIMAL PRODUCTION AND MANAGEMENT OF BUSITEMA UNIVERSITY



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RSIT

MAY 2022

DECLARATION

I MOCIRUKU EVALINE do declare that this is my own industrial training report and it has never been submitted to any university for the award of any academic document.

Sign. Date. 18 05 20.9.2

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DEDICATION

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With gratitude I dedicate this piece of work to Almighty God, all my parent, and others who helped me during my studies

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

I would like to express my sincerely gratitude to the following persons for directly and indirectly during all my studies and internship,

The first and foremost I thank the Almighty God for his abundant blessings, guidance and protection during all my internship. I would like to thank the farm manager of KHF for his motivation and advice. Appreciation goes to all the staff of kumi hospital farm for their company, cooperation during internship. I cannot forget to express my sincere gratitude to all my families and friends for their direct and indirect help to this work for perseverance

GOD BLESS YOU ALL !!!!!

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

Clinical signs
Head count
Kilo meters
Back, belly, brisket, rare head
Millitre
Oxytetracycline
Penicilline & streptomycine
Female
Male
Treatment
Farm manager
Kilogram
Litres
Hectares
Industrial training
Contagious bovine pleuro pneumonia
Bachelor of animal production and management

LISTS OF TABLES AND FIGURES

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ABSTRACT

This industrial training was carried out in kumi hospital farm (Ongino) in Ongino sub county kumi district for the period of eight, weeks, staring form 28th February 2022 to 6th May 2022. To fulfil the requirement needed for the award of a bachelor degree in animal production and management in Busitema University. It's always carried out by students in order to put theoretical aspect got in class into practice with the aim of acquiring skills for farm management. The training started with the orientation of interns to the farm, I participated in several activities that included milking, dipping animals to control ticks, bucket feeding using powdered milk to boost their immunity, culling of sick animals to control the spread of the disease to the health stock, cleaning of the milking parlour by scrubbing, general cleaning of the farm by collection of all polythene bags and burning them, ear tagging using an ear tag applicator to ease identification of animals, vaccination of animal against CBPP, disease diagnosis and treatment of cattle to control diseases like calf sours, mastitis, CBPP, east coast fever under health management. Castration of bulls (Closed castration) using burdizzo to prevent the spread of undesired trait under breeding, under feed management the activities include pasture weeding and pasture establishment, feeding animal with silage to supplement on pasture. the industrial training gave me a lot of skills in diagnosis and management of common diseases and management skills. The responsibility I conducted included vaccination, treatment of sick animals, dipping, feeding animal with silage. However, a few challenges were met like; there was a serious a problem of CBPP and mastitis. The challenge was managed by general vaccination of all animals that were not yet affected by CBPP and treatment with Sulphur drugs (baclean) for animals affected mastitis. There was also a serious problem of ticks that was managed by regular dipping of animals twice weekly. I concluded by saying the training was successful and it gave me field experience due to the many activities I did and learnt. I recommend the university should give internship to student to prepare them for field work

CHAPTER ONE

1.0 INTRODUCTION TO IDUSTRIAL TRAINING.

This industrial training was conducted in KUMI HOSPITAL FARM (ONGINO) from 28th February 2022 to 2 April 2022 for 8 weeks.

IT is one of the learning mechanisms which is conducted to expose students to skills acquisition. I.e. Communication skills, administration operation of an organisations / farms etc.

On the arrival day I was inducted by the field supervisor on the Dos and DONTs and thereafter I was showed different units which do exist in the farm.

1.1 background of the farm

Kumi hospital farm is a production farm formally known as Ongino leprosy centre. It was started in 1953-1971 by Mr. Erik Johnson the first farm manager with about 50 goats. It reached to its production peak in 1970 providing food requirements to the hospital with agricultural surplus produce being supplied to the nearby towns of kumi, Mbale and Kampala as well. By 1975 the centre was initiated in to dairy farm with about 745 heads of cattle being mostly pure breeds producing 1000ltrs of milk per day. Deterioration of the farm appears to have begun in 1986 when civil conflicts broke in the country at large where by the cattle were stolen.

Skilled man power fled and by 1991 when peace was restored in the area, the farm had already collapsed.

Today the current status of the farm shows that the entire farm has only 96 heads of cattle

1.2, location of the farm

The farm is located 7km north east of kumi town in Ongino sub-county kumi district. The farm is seated on 1061 hectares of land acquired from the community around to help in providing the leprosy patients with food and financial support.

1.3 climate of the area

The farm if in a cattle corridor characterized by hot climates in dry season and cool temperatures during rainy season.